

## **Programming**

**Winter 2023**

### **Exercises**

**Number 09, Submission Deadline: January 7, 23:59, 2024**

#### **1. Demographics of Germany (7P)**

Use the demographic data set of the lecture to answer the following questions by grouping / agglomerating the data:

1. How many women aged 60 years and older live in the federal states Nordrhein-Westfalen, Bayern, and Baden-Wuerttemberg alltogether? (2P)
2. List the relative population (in percentage) of 0-21 year-olds of all federal states. Which state contributes most? Is this also the state with the highest overall population? (3P)
3. Which federal state has the *relatively* biggest fraction of female population? (2P)

```
[19]: import pandas as pd

demogrphx = pd.read_table('course_material_09/12111-04-01-4-B_processed3.tsv',
                           index_col = [0, 1], header=[0, 1])
demogrphx
```

```
[19]:
```

FederalState	Age	Population		
		Male	Female	Total
Schleswig-Holstein	0	11132	10400	21532
	1	11504	10360	21864
	2	11733	11067	22800
	3	12214	11147	23361
	4	12142	10945	23087
	...	...	...	...
Thueringen	96	149	599	748
	97	75	476	551
	98	47	275	322
	99	30	181	211
	100	32	248	280

[1616 rows x 3 columns]

#### **2. Employment in Germany (6P)**

The following data is a minimally processed data set of employment rates from the same census in Germany. It contains the following columns (from left to right):

- Bundesland (federal state)

- Altersgruppe (age group)
- Bevoelkerung nach Erwerbsstatus (population by employment status)
- Erwerbspersonen (working population)
- Erwerbstaeigte [Insgesamt/maennlich/weiblich] (Employed people [total/male/female])
- Erwerbslose [Insgesamt/maennlich/weiblich] (Unemployed people [total/male/female])
- Nichterwerbspersonen [Insgesamt/maennlich/weiblich] (non-working population [total/-male/female])

```
[18]: employment_data = pd.read_csv('course_material_09/12111-12-01-4-B_processed.tsv',
                                    header=[0, 1], index_col=0, delimiter='\t')
employment_data
```

[18]: Altersgruppe Bevoelkerung nach Erwerbsstatus \\\  
Altersgruppe Bevoelkerung nach Erwerbsstatus

Bundesland

Schleswig-Holstein	0	110530
Schleswig-Holstein	5	122650
Schleswig-Holstein	10	148350
Schleswig-Holstein	15	155100
Schleswig-Holstein	20	154120
...	...	...
Thueringen	70	156780
Thueringen	75	100740
Thueringen	80	69390
Thueringen	85	36940
Thueringen	90	12620

Erwerbspersonen Erwerbstaeigte \\\  
Erwerbspersonen Insgesamt maennlich weiblich

Bundesland

Schleswig-Holstein	0	0	0	0
Schleswig-Holstein	0	0	0	0
Schleswig-Holstein	0	0	0	0
Schleswig-Holstein	61740	55810	28760	27060
Schleswig-Holstein	121930	114140	59000	55140
...	...	...	...	...
Thueringen	11320	11130	6630	4490
Thueringen	4260	4230	2310	1930
Thueringen	2350	2350	1130	1220
Thueringen	1040	1040	380	660
Thueringen	0	0	0	0

Erwerbslose Nichterwerbspersonen \\\  
Insgesamt maennlich weiblich Insgesamt

Bundesland

Schleswig-Holstein	0	0	0	110530
Schleswig-Holstein	0	0	0	122650

Schleswig-Holstein	0	0	0	148350
Schleswig-Holstein	5920	3050	2870	93360
Schleswig-Holstein	7790	4370	3420	32200
...	...	...	...	...
Thueringen	0	0	0	145460
Thueringen	0	0	0	96490
Thueringen	0	0	0	67030
Thueringen	0	0	0	35900
Thueringen	0	0	0	12280

maennlich weiblich

Bundesland	maennlich	weiblich
Schleswig-Holstein	58600	51940
Schleswig-Holstein	63730	58920
Schleswig-Holstein	75960	72390
Schleswig-Holstein	45210	48150
Schleswig-Holstein	14650	17540
...	...	...
Thueringen	64380	81080
Thueringen	39720	56770
Thueringen	22890	44140
Thueringen	9130	26770
Thueringen	2470	9810

[304 rows x 12 columns]

Answer the following questions by querying the employment data set:

1. What is the average age group of employed women in Germany? (2P)
2. What is the average age group of employed women in each of the federal states? (2P)
3. What is the age group with highest unemployment rate of the working population? (2P)

**Important! Upload your solutions as adequately commented Jupyter Notebook (2P)**